

**Chemistry 1410 Spring 2005**  
**Quiz 3, Section 1, 20 pts**

Name \_\_\_\_\_ (please print)

$$K_w = [H^+][OH^-] \quad pH = -\log[H^+] \quad pOH = -\log[OH^-] \quad pH + pOH = 14$$

$$K_a K_b = K_w$$

1. Calculate the pH of the following solutions.

a)(3) A 0.82 M HCl solution.  $HCl \rightarrow H^+ + Cl^-$

$$pH = -\log[H^+] = -\log(0.82) = 0.09$$

b)(3) If 3.8 grams of NaOH is dissolved in enough water to create a total solution volume of 400 mL.

$$3.8 \text{ g NaOH} \times \frac{\text{mole NaOH}}{40.0 \text{ g}} = 0.095 \text{ mole NaOH}$$

$$M_{NaOH} = \frac{0.095 \text{ mole}}{0.400 \text{ L}} = 0.2375 \text{ M}_{NaOH} \quad NaOH \rightarrow Na^+ + OH^-$$

$$pOH = -\log[OH^-] = -\log(0.2375) = 0.62$$

$$pH = pK_w - pOH = 14 - 0.62 = 13.38$$

2.(2) Identify the acid-base conjugate pairs in the following reaction.

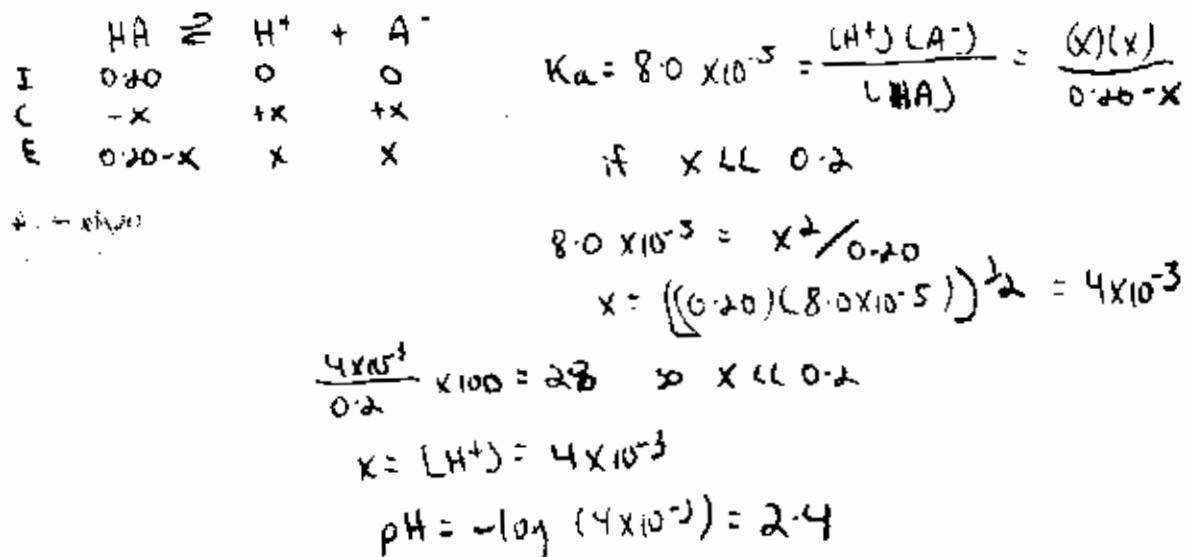


3. The  $K_a$  value for ascorbic acid (Vitamin C) is  $8.0 \times 10^{-5}$ .

(2) a) The pH of a 0.20 M solution of ascorbic acid (HA) is

- A. Greater than 7
- B. Less than 7
- C. Equal to 7
- D. Insufficient information to predict.

- (4) b) Calculate the pH of a 0.20 M solution of ascorbic acid.



- 4.(2) The pH of a 0.20 M solution of sodium ascorbate (NaA) is

- A. Greater than 7  
 B. Less than 7  
 C. Equal to 7  
 D. Insufficient information to predict.

- (4) b) Calculate the pH of a 0.20 M solution of sodium ascorbate. ← ionizable base of ascorbic acid
- $$\text{NaA} \rightarrow \text{Na}^+ + \text{A}^-$$

