

Typesetting Ancient Egyptian Numerals Using L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X- Usage.

1. The commands to produce a table of ancient Egyptian symbols and their values:

```
\begin{center}
Ancient Egyptian Symbols and their Hindu-Arabic values:
\begin{tabular}{t}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline
\egmil{1}&\eghuntho{1}&\egtentho{1}&\egtho{1}&\eghun{1}&\egten{1}&\egone{1}\\
\hline
1,000,000&100,000&10,000&1,000&100&10&1\\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\end{center}
```

Output:

Ancient Egyptian Symbols and their Hindu-Arabic values:

1,000,000	100,000	10,000	1,000	100	10	1

2. The command to render 5,867,934 in ancient Egyptian:

```
\egyptify{5}{8}{6}{7}{9}{3}{4}
```

Output:

3. The command requires seven arguments, even if not all seven types of symbols will be used: Here is the command to render 52,010: `\egyptify{0}{0}{5}{2}{0}{1}{0}`

```
\egyptify{0}{0}{5}{2}{0}{1}{0}
```

Output:

4. When setting addition and subtraction problems in ancient Egyptian, I like to group like symbols vertically, so I create a table, and render the number of symbols needed in each cell. The formatting is all taken care of by L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X. Here are the commands for vertically rendering the addition problem 1,287,857 + 3,537,455

```
\begin{tabular}{t}{rccccccc}
&\egmil{1}&\eghuntho{2}&\egtentho{8}&\egtho{7}&\eghun{8}&\egten{5}&\egone{7}\\
+&\egmil{3}&\eghuntho{5}&\egtentho{3}&\egtho{7}&\eghun{4}&\egten{5}&\egone{5}
\hline
\end{tabular}
```

Output:

Typesetting Ancient Egyptian Numerals Using L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X- The command definitions.

```

\usepackage{multido} %Allows repetition of LaTeX commands

\newcommand{\egmil}[1]{
\multido{\i=1+1}{#1}{\includegraphics[scale=.1]{egyptian/egypt_person.eps}
\hspace{0.5mm}}}

\newcommand{\eghuntho}[1]{
\multido{\i=1+1}{#1}{\includegraphics[scale=.1]{egyptian/egypt_fish.eps}
\hspace{0.5mm}}}

\newcommand{\egtentho}[1]{
\multido{\i=1+1}{#1}{\includegraphics[scale=.1]{egyptian/egypt_finger.eps}
\hspace{0.5mm}}}

\newcommand{\egtho}[1]{
\multido{\i=1+1}{#1}{\includegraphics[scale=.1]{egyptian/egypt_lotus.eps}
\hspace{0.5mm}}}

\newcommand{\eghun}[1]{
\multido{\i=1+1}{#1}{\includegraphics[scale=.1]{egyptian/egypt_scroll.eps}
\hspace{0.5mm}}}

\newcommand{\egten}[1]{
\multido{\i=1+1}{#1}{\includegraphics[scale=.1]{egyptian/egypt_heel.eps}
\hspace{0.5mm}}}

\newcommand{\egone}[1]{
\multido{\i=1+1}{#1}{\includegraphics[scale=.1]{egyptian/egypt_stroke.eps}
\hspace{0.5mm}}}

\newcommand{\egyptify}[7]{
\multido{\i=1+1}{#1}{\includegraphics[scale=.1]{egyptian/egypt_person.eps}
\hspace{0.5mm}}
\multido{\i=1+1}{#2}{\includegraphics[scale=.1]{egyptian/egypt_fish.eps}
\hspace{0.5mm}}
\multido{\i=1+1}{#3}{\includegraphics[scale=.1]{egyptian/egypt_finger.eps}
\hspace{0.5mm}}
\multido{\i=1+1}{#4}{\includegraphics[scale=.1]{egyptian/egypt_lotus.eps}
\hspace{0.5mm}}
\multido{\i=1+1}{#5}{\includegraphics[scale=.1]{egyptian/egypt_scroll.eps}
\hspace{0.5mm}}
\multido{\i=1+1}{#6}{\includegraphics[scale=.1]{egyptian/egypt_heel.eps}
\hspace{0.5mm}}
\multido{\i=1+1}{#7}{\includegraphics[scale=.1]{egyptian/egypt_stroke.eps}
\hspace{0.5mm}}
\hspace{.5mm}
}

```