

A Curvature Formula

Suppose we have a curve which is not parametrized by arc length and we wish to find curvature in a simple way. In the derivation of a simple formula below, we will assume that the curve is parametrized by t and the arc length parameter is s .

Curvature, $\kappa = |\alpha''(s)|$. Let $T(s)$ be the unit tangent vector, then $\kappa = \left| \frac{dT}{ds} \right|$.

If s and T are functions of t , we may write $\kappa = \left| \frac{dT/dt}{ds/dt} \right|$.

$T = \frac{\alpha'(t)}{|\alpha'(t)|}$. So the numerator becomes $\left| \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\alpha'(t)}{|\alpha'(t)|} \right) \right|$.

Also, $\alpha'(t) = \alpha'(s) \cdot \frac{ds}{dt}$, and since $|\alpha'(s)| = 1$, we get $\frac{ds}{dt} = |\alpha'(t)|$.

So our formula becomes

$$\kappa = \frac{\left| \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\alpha'(t)}{|\alpha'(t)|} \right) \right|}{|\alpha'(t)|}$$

We may now use this to solve problems like problem 8, page 23, quite easily.

$\alpha(t) = (t, \cosh(t))$. $\alpha'(t) = (1, \sinh(t))$. $|\alpha'(t)| = \cosh(t)$. So $T = \frac{(1, \sinh(t))}{\cosh(t)}$.

$\left| \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\alpha'(t)}{|\alpha'(t)|} \right) \right| = \left| \left(\frac{\sinh(t)}{\cosh^2(t)}, \frac{1}{\cosh^2(t)} \right) \right| = \frac{1}{\cosh(t)}$.

When we divide by $|\alpha'(t)|$, we get the required curvature $\frac{1}{\cosh^2(t)}$.